

**Amendments to the Claims:**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the application, wherein additions are shown in underlined text and deletions are shown between double brackets ([ ]):

**Claim 1 (Currently Amended):** A method of manufacturing semiconductor devices, comprising the steps of:

forming a sacrificial oxide film on a semiconductor substrate;

forming a triple well on the semiconductor substrate;

implanting an inert ion into the semiconductor substrate, by a given depth, to form an anti-diffusion layer;

implanting an ion for adjusting [the] a threshold voltage into the semiconductor substrate on the anti-diffusion layer;

removing the sacrificial oxide film and then sequentially forming a tunnel oxide film, a polysilicon layer and a pad nitride film on the semiconductor substrate;

patterning the pad nitride film by means of an isolation mask and then sequentially etching exposed portions of the polysilicon layer, the tunnel oxide film and the semiconductor substrate to form a trench; and

forming an oxide film on the entire structure so that the trench is buried, planarizing the surface of the oxide film, and then removing remaining pad nitride film to form an isolation film within the trench.

**Claim 2 (Original):** The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the inert ion is a nitrogen ion and is implanted using NH<sub>3</sub> as a source gas at the dose of 5E12 ~ 5E13 ion/cm<sup>2</sup> and with energy of 500 ~ 1500KeV.

**Claim 3 (Original):** The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sacrificial oxide film is formed in thickness of 70 ~ 100Å by means of cleaning process using a mixed solution of DHF(50:1) + SC-1(NH<sub>4</sub>OH/H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O), or BOE(100:1 or 300:1) + SC-1(NH<sub>4</sub>OH/H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O) at a temperature of 750 ~ 800°C.

**Claim 4 (Original).** The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the ion for adjusting the threshold voltage is a boron (B11) ion and is implanted at the dose of and 1E11 ~ 1E13 ion/cm<sup>2</sup>.

**Claim 5 (Currently Amended)** The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sacrificial oxide film is removed by cleaning process [us] using DHF(50:1) + SC-1(NH<sub>4</sub>OH/H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O).

**Claims 6-10 (Canceled).**